



Treasures of South America

Classic Tour | 21 Days | Physical Level 2

Lima – Cusco – Sacred Valley – Machu Picchu – Lake Titicaca –Buenos Aires
– Iguazu – Rio de Janeiro

This tour of South America showcases some of the greatest highlights of this fantastic continent. Embark on the journey of a lifetime, visiting Machu Picchu, the Sacred Valley, Buenos Aires, Iguazu Falls, Rio de Janeiro and more. A classic Latin America itinerary with a tango-worthy twist, travel between the vivacious cities of Buenos Aires and Rio de Janeiro and spend two days at the spectacular Iguazu Falls.

- Marvel at Machu Picchu
- Cruise across Lake Titicaca
- Witness a master tango show
- Meet the gauchos of the pampas
- Explore both sides of Iguazu Falls
- Ascend Sugarloaf Mountain



Treasures of South America Inclusions:

- Return international economy flights, taxes and current fuel surcharges (unless a 'land only' option is selected)
- All accommodation
- All meals
- All sightseeing and entrance fees
- All transportation and transfers
- English speaking National Escort (if your group is 10 or more passengers) or Local Guides
- Specialist advice from our experienced Reservations Consultants
- Comprehensive Travel Guides

The only thing you may have to pay for are personal expenditure e.g. drinks, optional excursions or shows, insurance of any kind, tipping, early check-in or late check-out and other items not specified on the itinerary.

Classic Tours:

These tours are designed for those who wish to see the iconic sites and magnificent treasures of Latin America on an excellent value group tour whilst travelling with like-minded people. The tours are on a fully inclusive basis so you will travel with the assurance that all your arrangements are taken care of. You will be accompanied by our dedicated and professional National Escort and Local Guides, whose unparalleled knowledge will turn your holiday into an unforgettable experience.

Physical Level 2:

All our tours feature a physical rating to help you select the right holiday for you. To travel on any of our tours requires unaided mobility and the ability to stroll around the sights. 'Treasures of South America' is rated 2 on the physical level scale. A reasonable level of fitness is required but it is more about spending time on your feet rather than covering large distances. You will be getting on and off coaches and boats, walking around the sights and climbing some steps.

- There will be sightseeing on foot for both short and extended periods of time. Cusco sits at 3,400 metres above sea level – activity at these altitudes will be at an easy pace.
- Sightseeing will involve climbing quite a number of steps, often without handrails.

Of course, our National Escorts and Local Guides will always endeavour to provide the highest level of service and assistance; however, they cannot be expected to cater for customers who are unfit to complete the itinerary. If you require any more information about the pace of our tours, please contact our Reservations team who will be happy to answer your questions.

Country Profiles: Peru, Argentina, and Brazil

Peru will completely capture your imagination. It has a rich cultural heritage with elements of Latino, Incan and indigenous native customs, mixed together to create a vibrant and charming tapestry of daily life. No tour of Peru would be complete without a journey to the heart of the Inca Empire, Machu Picchu, a magnificent re-discovered settlement high in the mountains. Encounter the colourful Quechua people and venture onto Lake Titicaca to meet the Uros people on their floating islands.

Argentina is a country full of pleasures – food, wine, tango. Fall for the charms of vibrant Buenos Aires, the roaring waters of Iguazu, the endless Pampas, wine of Mendoza and the glaciers within arms-reach in Patagonia. Embrace the profound zest for life - the Argentines are a passionate and spirited people, and you'll find yourself jumping feet first into their enticing rhythm.

Brazilians live life to the max – follow the entrancing samba rhythms along gorgeous beaches, through vast expanses of mystic rainforest and biodiverse landscapes. Discover historic Salvador, once the capital of Portugal's New World colony, now a tropical city vibing to an infectious Afro-Brazilian beat. Delve deep into the Amazon to spot unusual wildlife and encounter the indigenous tribespeople. Stand before Iguaçu, the largest waterfall system in the world, and take in Brazil's most exuberant city, Rio de Janeiro.

Joining Your Tour

The tour is 21 days in duration including international flights.

Travellers booked on 'Land Only', the price includes your arrival/departure airport transfers if arriving/departing on the start and conclusion date of your tour. Please advise your international flight times to Reservations.

Join the tour on Day 1 in Lima and end the tour on Day 19 in Rio de Janeiro. Please refer to your final itinerary for more specific meeting instructions pertaining to your departure.

Itinerary Changes

It is our intention to adhere to the day-to-day itinerary as printed; however, the order of events or sightseeing may change as we look to improve our tours or as local conditions dictate. In these circumstances we will make the best possible arrangements maintaining the integrity of your trip.

Itinerary – Treasures of South America

Day 1: Fly to Lima

Fly to Lima, Peru's historical capital, arriving the same day due to crossing the International Date Line. On arrival, you will be welcomed at the airport by your Wendy Wu Tours representative and transferred to your hotel. The transfer time is approximately one hour 30 minutes. Tonight, enjoy your first taste of Peruvian cuisine at a local restaurant.



Destination Information

Lima – Sitting overlooking the Pacific in Peru's central region, Lima is a huge city of 10 million people. It was founded by conquistador Francisco Pizarro in 1535 and became the capital of the Viceroyalty of Peru, remaining as capital after the War of Independence gave Peruvians their freedom. The historic centre of the city is beautiful and was declared a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1988.

Day 2: Lima

Originally named the City of the Kings, Lima is rich in heritage, which you'll see for yourself today. Start the morning with a strol through the colourful fruit market, tasting tropical juices along the way before heading to the UNESCO World Heritage-listed historic centre to admire the colonial magnificence. Explore the 17th century San Francisco Monastery.

After lunch, set off on foot and explore the bohemian district of Barranco. Stop by the famous 'Puente de los Suspiros' (Bridge of Sighs) built in 1876 and visit the renowned MATE museum home to the collection of Peruvian photographer Mario Testino. Conclude the day with a Pisco Sour tasting session (Peru's most famous drink) prepared by the expert Ricardo Carpio. You will taste three types of Pisco: Pure Pisco, blend Pisco and Green Must Pisco. Enjoy this Pisco tasting and discover the different kinds of Piscos that made this drink so famous.



Destination Information

San Francisco Monastery – The monastery complex, complete with church, monastery, library and catacombs, was completed in 1774 and is a prime example of Spanish Baroque architecture. Keep an eye out for Moorish designs in the central and two side naves of the church vaults.

Barranco – is home to some of Peru's and Latin America finest artists. One of Lima's oldest neighbourhoods with colonial mansions, cafes, museums, restaurants and filled with street art, it's a must-see destination.

Day 3: Lima – Sacred Valley

Fly to Cusco and transfer to the Urubamba Valley. Also known as the Sacred Valley, it is home to Incan citadels and beautiful landscapes.

Spend the afternoon in the remote village of Ccaccacollo. A small and scenic town lost in the Peruvian Andes. Catch a glimpse of the authentic culture of the valley's Quechua communities. You'll be able to interact with the villagers, witness their day to day life. The women have a rich tradition of weaving which they still practice by hand today. The textiles they produce bear the same images as those of their ancestors; condors, cougars and Huallata birds, and can be purchased here. This day is at altitude.



Destination Information

Ccaccacollo - This is a community of 50 families. The principal activity of the men is farming and in the dry season they work as porters on the Inca Trail. The women preserve their unique and ancient tradition of weaving fabric of the highest quality, which they sell to travellers visiting their community.

Day 4: Sacred Valley – Ollantaytambo – Aguas Calientes

Begin in the charming town of Pisac, visit the colourful market to both mingle with the locals and to browse the plentiful Peruvian handicrafts, then see fascinating terracing at the Pisac ruins. Later, meet a typical Inca community at Ollantaytambo. The town has some wonderfully preserved Incan houses, whilst above it there is an old Incan fortress, both of which you can explore. Today's sightseeing is around 8 hours in total. This day is at altitude.



From Ollantaytambo board the panoramic Vistadome train to travel through the mountainous landscapes to the small town of Aguas Calientes in approximately 1 hour and 40 minutes.

Destination Information

Pisac – Situated on the Willkanuta River, Pisac is a colonial village famous for its Incan ruins and its triweekly market. The market takes up the Plaza de Armas and surrounding streets with stalls selling ceramic, jewellery, and textiles.

Ollantaytambo – Ollantaytambo was once the royal estate of the Emperor Pachacuti and is the starting point for the famous Inca Trail. The Incan ruins here are huge, whilst the town itself is a prime example of an Incan city – it is still laid out as it was when it was built by Pachacuti in the 13th century.

Day 5: Aguas Calientes – Machu Picchu – Cusco

This morning visit magnificent Machu Picchu. Long abandoned by the Inca, it came to international attention when it was stumbled upon by Hiram Bingham in 1911. It is now considered one of the new 7 Wonders of the World. A guided tour will provide you with some insight into the Inca Empire. This includes up to four hours of sightseeing with walking on uneven terrain. This afternoon, return to Aguas Calientes and take a 3 and a half hour train to Poroy. Then, transfer 2 hours by road to Cusco. This day is at altitude.



*Please see **IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT MACHU PICCHU** in this document.*

Destination Information

Machu Picchu – One of the world's great archaeological discoveries, Machu Picchu sits on a mountain ridge 2430 metres above the Sacred Valley. Built around 1450, it was abandoned about 100 years later, and left 'undiscovered' (the local people knew of it) until 1911 when it was brought to international attention. A classic example of Incan style, there are three main structures – the Temple of the Sun, the Inti Watana and the Room of Three Windows.

Day 6: Cusco

Home to an incredible Incan legacy, Cusco has some of the richest heritage in Latin America and is a UNESCO World Heritage Site. The tour will include visits to the Plaza de Armas, once the heart of the Incan capital of Huacaypata; and Qoricancha, the temple of the sun. Head just out of town to the ruins of Sacsayhuaman and Puka Pukara, the 'Red Fortress'. This day is at altitude. In the afternoon, you will have the option to take part in a chocolate-making tour, followed by a Peruvian dinner and folklore dance show.



Destination Information

Cusco – Home to an incredible Incan legacy, Cusco has some of the richest heritage in Latin America and is a UNESCO World Heritage Site. Cathedrals and Inca temples overlook the narrow streets where alpaca knitwear can be bought for a fair price. For anyone interested in the Incan civilisation, Cusco is the must-see destination.

Plaza de Armas – Huacaypata as it was known was the heart of the Incan capital and remains so today. The plaza is surrounded by colonial arcades, whilst the colonial cathedral and several other ornate churches stand imposingly around the edges. It is a vibrant and fascinating place to spend some time.

Qoricancha – Once of Cusco's, and the whole Incan Empire's most important temple, Qoricancha's walls were once covered in sheets of solid gold. Although the temple was demolished to make way for a colonial church, the Incan foundations remain and incorporates original Incan stonework.

Sacsayhuaman – Just north of Cusco, on top of a steep hill, some sections of the citadel of Sacsayhuaman date from around 1100, whilst others are 13th Century. The complex stone walls are fascinating – huge boulders were carefully cut out and fitted tightly together without the use of mortar.

Day 7: Cusco – Puno

Today, take a train from Cusco to Puno. Journey through amazing Andean landscapes to Puno on the shores of Lake Titicaca, passing through the spectacular Peruvian highlands. The train has 4 dining cars, a bar car and an observation car. Along the way you will enjoy a gourmet lunch prepared with exquisite Andean ingredients and there will be music and dance shows on board. Arrive at your hotel this evening.



Destination Information

Puno – A beautiful and charming town located on the banks of Lake Titicaca. The town is home to traditional Andean architecture which spreads down from the sides of the hill to the banks of the lake.

Lake Titicaca – The largest lake in Latin America; it is surrounded by a slow pace of life where crops are still harvested by hand and vast plateaus stretch for miles.

Day 8: Lake Titicaca

This morning, you will be picked up from the port of Puno and taken to the floating islands of Uros on Lake Titicaca, approximately 25 minutes by boat. Visiting two of these floating islands, your guide will explain the history of the area. You will also have the opportunity to speak with some of the residents, which will help you to understand their way of life and gain a cultural insight into this fascinating place. After, you will continue to the island of Taquile. Protected as a UNESCO World Heritage Site and once a stronghold of the Inca, you'll find wonderful textiles made by the island's men here. You will tour the island and enjoy lunch before transferring back to Puno. Today's sightseeing is a full day. This day is at altitude (3,820m).



Destination Information

Uros - The Uros are an ancient culture that inhabits a series of artificial islands built with reeds growing from the lake itself. These are constructed by weaving reed in the areas where it grows thicker and thus forming a natural layer.

Day 9: Puno – Lima

En route to Juliaca Airport, visit the archaeological site of Sillustani which is located on a protected island reserve. Spend time around the site and also enjoy a typical Andean lunch before your return flight to Lima.



Destination Information

Sillustani Ruins – Located on the shores of Lake Umayo and built by the Colla people in the 12th century, they are considered to be important pre-Incan site. The Colla dominated the region before the Incas and they built these gigantic “chullpas” (stone towers) to bury their nobility. The construction of these towers is considered to be more complex than typical Incan architecture.

Day 10: Lima – Buenos Aires

Fly to Argentina’s flamboyant capital city Buenos Aires; remainder of the afternoon is at leisure.

This evening, participate in a quintessential Argentinian experience; the tango! Take a tango class before sitting down for dinner and a sultry tango show.



Destination Information

Buenos Aires – The Paris of Latin America, Buenos Aires is a romantic and lively city. The culture of the city is extremely diverse and the asado (barbecue) restaurants are second to none. Most importantly of all, Buenos Aires is the home of Tango and performers can be seen dancing in restaurants, bars or even on the streets.

Day 11: Buenos Aires

Today, enjoy the irresistible combination of Latin flair and European elegance in a Buenos Aires city tour. Visit the vibrant districts of La Boca, San Telmo, Puerto Madero, Palermo and Recoleta.



Destination Information

La Boca – A buzzing barrio of Buenos Aires packed with colourful shacks built from Zinc, La Boca is a popular area to see street artists and tango dancers. La Boca is also home to the world-famous Boca Juniors Football Club, who play at the intimidating La Bombonera stadium.

San Telmo – One of the oldest neighbourhoods of Buenos Aires filled with cobbled streets, cafes, restaurants, antique stores and the 19th century Central Market.

Recoleta – An affluent area of Buenos Aires and home to lavish former palaces, Paris-style townhouses and the famous Recoleta Cemetery.

Puerto Madero – Buenos Aires's revamped dockside. Today home to upscale steakhouses, hotels and an ecological Reserve that you can explore by foot or bike.

Day 12: Day trip to Colonia, Uruguay

Enjoy a day trip to Uruguay, taking a ferry across the Rio de La Plata to Colonia del Sacramento. A picture-perfect colonial town, Colonia was founded by the Portuguese in 1680 and is a UNESCO World Heritage Site. The beautiful Barrio Historico, which occupies a small peninsula that juts out into the river, is a maze of old cobbled streets that are a delight to wander. Admire the main square, see the ruins of San Francisco Church and visit the lighthouse amongst much more.



Destination Information

Colonia – The historic quarter of Colonia del Sacramento, founded in 1680, evokes old Lisbon with its Portuguese-influenced architecture and winding streets. The area, located in south-western Uruguay on the Rio de la Plata, was named a UNESCO World Heritage site in 1995.

Day 13: Buenos Aires

Travel approximately two hours by road to just outside the city. Spend the day on the vast, fertile grasslands known as the pampas, on a traditional estancia (ranch). Here, you'll get some insight into the life of the folk heroes, the gaucho, and after a typical Argentinian asado lunch; there will be a fun folklore show.



Day 14: Buenos Aires to Iguazu

Say farewell to Buenos Aires and transfer 30 minutes to the airport to board your plane over to Puerto Iguazu, the town closest to the incredible wonder that is Iguazu Falls. Your flight is just under 2 hours. Upon arrival you have the rest of the day to yourself before dinner this evening in a local restaurant.



Day 15: Iguazu Falls (Argentina)

Today, transfer 25 minutes to the falls. You will wander along the Argentinian side of Iguazu, which offers a fantastic overview of the whole of the falls, and showcases its power and magnificence. Don't miss the viewpoint of one of the falls' most impressive sights, the Garganta del Diablo. Take the Ecological Jungle Train, a 15 minute journey, which takes you to the most impressive observation point – the Devil's Throat. Sightseeing today will be a full day with around 6 hours on foot. This afternoon, take a unique opportunity to learn about the indigenous culture of the *Mbororé Aldea* people, who open the doors to their community and share fascinating stories of their ancestors, rituals, myths and legends. Finish the day with an interactive craft experience.



Destination Information

Iguazu Falls - The incredible Iguazu Falls spans the border of Argentina and Brazil and features hundreds of rushing cascades, set in a lush rainforest scene. The region has been declared a world heritage site and received the status of one of the New Seven Wonders of Nature in 2011.

Day 16: Iguaçu (Brazil) – Rio de Janeiro

This morning, you will experience the Brazilian side of these spectacular falls. This side of Iguaçu offers a completely different experience with paths and boardwalks to wander. These will lead you to some of the numerous smaller cascades that dance their way along gullies and through lush greenery.

Afterwards, you will hop on a plane to Brazil's 'Cidade Maravilhosa', Rio de Janeiro. The flight is approximately 2 hours. On arrival, transfer to your hotel. You have the rest of the day at leisure. Perhaps head to the world-famous Copacabana or Ipanema beaches to soak up the sunshine.



Destination Information

Rio de Janeiro – Founded in 1565, the city became the capital of the Portuguese Empire from 1815 – 1822 after the royal family fled their homeland following the conquests of Napoleon. Nowadays, this city is famous for its beaches, lush scenery and samba-fuelled nightlife. Rio is also home to Christ the Redeemer and the impressive Sugar Loaf Mountain, both of which you will experience on this tour.

Day 17: Rio de Janeiro

Climb onboard a jeep to venture to some of Rio's many wonders! Drive about 20 minutes to Cosme Velho Street, then in Paineras Station transfer into a van to ascend the Corcovado, on the peak of which Christ the Redeemer watches over the city, on the way you will pass through the lush vegetation of the Tijuca Forest. You can take the steps at the final stage to Christ the Redeemer; however, there is an escalator if you'd prefer. Next, explore the 19th-century hillside neighbourhood of Santa Teresa, an area with a wonderfully bohemian atmosphere, where you'll also have lunch in a traditional restaurant.



Destination Information

Corcovado – Originally known as 'Pinaculo da Tentacao', or Pinnacle of Temptation, Corcovado mountain is a 710m granite peak overlooking Rio, and is easily one of Brazil's most iconic landmarks. It is surrounded by the Tijuca Forest and is home to Christ the Redeemer.

Tijuca Forest – Arguably the world's largest urban forest, Tijuca Forest is blessed with many hiking trails, lush tropical plantlife, a wealth of wildlife and birdlife, and multiple scenic spots including caves, waterfalls and mountain peaks. In the 18th century much of the forest was cut down to make way for coffee plantations, but in the 19th century a conservation effort was launched and the forest is now responsible for much of the fresh water that runs into the city of Rio de Janeiro. Tijuca was designated a national park in 1961.

Santa Teresa - An area of Rio with a wonderfully bohemian atmosphere known for as the arts centre of the city with lots of craftsmanship galleries.

Day 18: Rio de Janeiro

After breakfast, tour the city through downtown Rio, passing by the Sambadrome and the Metropolitan Cathedral. Get to know the traditional Cinelandia square with its historical buildings, the Municipal Theatre, the National Library, and the National Museum of Fine Arts. Then, via Aterro do Flamengo, transfer about 20 minutes to the neighbourhood of Urca where you will ascend to the heights of Sugarloaf Mountain by cable cars. The first cable car will take you 215 metres high. From there, board the second one which will lead you to breath taking views at the top of the Sugar Loaf Mountain, 395 metres high. Take in the incredible sights of the Guanabara Bay and its islands, Rio-Nitero Bridge and Corcovado. Later in the evening, transfer back to Copacabana to visit a samba club, where you can simply tap your foot to the infectious beat and watch the dancing, or dance the night away yourself!



Destination Information

Sugar Loaf Mountain – Known as ‘Pao de Acucar’ in Portuguese, Sugarloaf Mountain sits at the entrance of Guanabara Bay and is named for its unusual shape as it resembles a traditional form of sugar widely used two centuries ago. Your cable car journey will take you to the summit of the mountain, where you will take in the magnificent views from a height of 395 metres. This is an awe-inspiring site, and one that is popular not just with locals and tourists but rock climbers also, as the mountain is one of the largest and most popular urban rock-climbing destinations in the world, featuring over 270 different routes to the top.

Days 19-21: Depart Rio de Janeiro

Transfer about 1 hour to the airport according to your international flight time and fly to New Zealand. Arrive home in two days due to crossing the International Date Line once again.

Treasures of South America Travel Information

Visas

New Zealand passport holders currently do not require a visa to enter Peru, Bolivia, Argentina, Uruguay or Brazil. Please be advised that your passport must have at least six months validity left on it when you arrive back into New Zealand. At the time of booking Visa conditions may have changed, currently no visa is required for New Zealand Passport holders. Your travel consultant will inform you if any changes are applicable prior to your departure.

Insurance

We strongly recommend that you take out a policy as soon as you pay your deposit. Wendy Wu Tours cannot in any way be made liable for any additional cost incurred by the customer on any tour due to the customer not having adequate travel insurance.

We also encourage all customers to take a copy of their travel insurance documents (especially relevant international contact numbers) with them while on tour. We advise that you check the inclusions and procedures for lodging claims prior to your departure. These documents should be stored separately from the original.

Altitude

On this tour you will be spending several nights at altitude – in Cusco at 3,400 metres, in Puno at 3,830 metres. You will also stop briefly at La Raya Pass between Cusco and Puno, which is 4,335 metres. At these sorts of altitudes, Altitude Sickness is a risk. Symptoms may include dizziness, fatigue, nausea and shortness of breath. It is recommended that travellers utilise their first day in high-altitude destinations to acclimatise.

To help you acclimatise we have designed our tours to be at a slower pace with more convenience stops and more free time during the first few days. Staying hydrated, eating light meals and following a very light schedule will all help. We recommend that any symptoms that are unusual should be brought to the attention of your guide. Your guide will be extremely well-trained in dealing with its effects – taking it easy and taking some time to acclimatise are the best ways to prevent and combat it. Serious cases, meaning that you must descend immediately, are rare.

There are no specific factors, such as age or fitness, that can cause you to suffer from. Altitude Sickness can affect anyone at any time and symptoms may vary. In some instances, a short spell on oxygen can help enormously. All the hotels that we have selected to use on our programmes provide oxygen free of charge, please ask to use this. There is medication that can help treat and prevent symptoms. Consult a doctor before taking any of these medications, before engaging in strenuous activity at high altitude and regarding any necessary vaccinations in plenty of time before travelling.

Eating in South America

Peruvian food incorporates dishes introduced by the indigenous population and from a wide variety of immigrant populations from Europe, Asia and Africa. The four traditional staples of the diet are corn, potatoes, legumes and grains such as quinoa. The diversity of climates and altitudes in Peru have a strong influence on what is eaten – close to the sea, ceviche containing fish is popular, whilst in the Andes, meat from indigenous animals such as alpacas and guinea pigs are eaten. A typical dish from this region is pachamanca, a variety of meats, herbs and vegetables slow cooked underground with heated stones. Savour the food in Lima, it is Latin America's gastronomic capital! Peru also has plenty of international cuisine options.

Argentinian food incorporates many European influences predominantly from Italy and Spain. The Argentinian barbecue (asado) with steak and ribs is widely recognised as the country's national dish; however, in Patagonia lamb, goat and seafood are popular. Empanadas, stuffed pastry parcels, are a traditional snack and Dulce de leche (similar to caramel) features heavily in desserts throughout the country. Lunch is usually seen as the main meal of the day in Argentina with dinner being a lighter dish.

Brazilian food is strongly influenced by European and African cuisines, whilst there is not a single national cuisine there is an assortment of regional traditional dishes. In Rio and Sao Paulo the Brazilian Feijoada is the traditional dish, being a stew made from meat and black beans. In Northern Brazil Cassava (a root vegetable) features heavily in meals. Popular dishes throughout the country include rice and beans, served with meat and salad, fresh tropical fruit is a common dessert. Typical snacks include Pao de Queijo (cheese bread), Coxinha which is a chicken croquette, and Kibe which is a bulgar wheat and beef croquette.

Whilst we strongly recommend trying as many local dishes as possible, Argentina and Brazil also have a wide range of international foods available.

Drinking bottled water and eating well-cooked food is strongly recommended. It's much safer to stick to bottled, treated or boiled water. Ice, along with salads or fruits washed in tap water should likewise be avoided.

Those with dietary requirements will be well catered for - just make sure to inform your booking agent of any specific requirements well in advance of your trip.

All the restaurants we visit will be researched and inspected regularly to ensure that they follow the strictest health, cleanliness, and safety guidelines. All waiting staff will wear face masks and gloves and self-service buffets will be avoided in favour of à la carte dining, waiter-served meals, or waiter-assisted buffets. Hand sanitiser will be provided to the group before and after every food and beverage service.

Important Information about Machu Picchu

You must provide full name, date of birth, nationality and passport number to us at time of booking. Visitors must bring their passport with them to be allowed entry to Machu Picchu and this must match the information provided to us in advance.

Hand luggage on board train to the citadel should not exceed 5kgs and measure no more than 40cm x 35cm x 20cm

The following items are **not allowed** in: single use plastics, professional cameras (i.e. equipment that needs accessories for its use such as tripods) and cameras that have magnifying lenses exceeding 2kg, drones, selfie sticks, walking sticks without a rubber tip, aerosol sprays, high heeled shoes, sharp objects, banners or posters.

Accommodation

Your accommodation is selected for convenience of location, comfort or character, and can range from business hotels to rainforest lodges. Hotels are generally rated as local three to four-star standard, but please note that there is no international classification system for hotels and differences in facilities and quality may exist between New Zealand and South America. All group tour hotels have private bathroom facilities and air conditioning where needed. If you experience any difficulty, please speak to your National Escort. Rest assured that all hotels used by Wendy Wu Tours are regularly inspected by our staff and our partners to ensure that standards meet your needs.

Transport

Coaches: Coaches with air conditioning are used on our group tours for city short excursions to the countryside and longer transfers between destinations. Roads in Argentina and Brazil have generally been improved over recent years, but please be aware traffic and/or weather conditions may extend driving times. There may be sections of road where the surface may be comparatively bumpy, but our drivers will do their utmost best to lessen the impact.

Planes: Internal flights are based on economy class, with reputable airlines. Within Latin America flights are often changed multiple times before departure, both timings and flight numbers. The utmost care will be taken to ensure that your final documents will have the latest information; however, your local guide will confirm this in the destination. Boarding passes can be collected directly at the airport. The flights booked as part of your itinerary will always reflect the best timings to suit the touring itinerary, with direct flights wherever possible; however, due to limited schedules some flights may require a fairly early departure or late arrival.

Souvenirs

There are plenty of interesting bits and pieces to buy as souvenirs in Peru, such as indigenous textiles, handicrafts and artworks, coffee and chocolate, carved wood and products made of alpaca wool, such as gloves, scarves and socks. In Argentina and Brazil, there are indigenous textiles, handicrafts, leather, and artworks. There will be some opportunities during your tour to pick up souvenirs.

Group Size

Most of our groups consist of 10 travellers or more, there will usually be no more than 18 travellers in each group. All our departures are guaranteed to operate with a minimum of 8 travellers booked (unless cancelled due to factors beyond our control). However, at our discretion we may operate departures with a smaller group size as we try to operate advertised departures wherever it is viable to do so.

Tipping Policy

Local tipping is customary in Latin America; however, this can often lead to awkwardness in knowing when it is appropriate to tip and how much, as well as ensuring you have a suitable amount of change available at the time. For your convenience, with years of experience in providing the best customer service, Wendy Wu Tours operates a kitty system on our Group Tours so your National Escort will look after this aspect of your trip for you. It also ensures that the amounts paid are reasonable for you but still fair for the local people. The amount is stated on each Group Tour page and will be advised again on your final documentation. Tipping is in US Dollars and will be collected by your National Escort on arrival and distributed throughout the tour on your behalf. Any additional tipping on any of our tours is welcomed at your discretion. Further guidance for tipping contributions will be outlined in your final documentation.

We generally find that most customers appreciate the convenience of our tipping policy, but we do recognise that it may not suit everyone. As this is a group tour, we ask that everyone follows the same protocol to be fair to other group members and to ensure smooth operation of your tour.

Climate

On this tour, you will be travelling through various regions of South America with quite diverse climates especially in Cusco, where all four seasons can be experienced in one day. It is recommended to bring lots of layers including the following: T-Shirts made of breathable materials, hiking trousers (with the option to turn into shorts), a fleece jacket for colder parts and the evenings, a waterproof jacket as shell layer or a light rain jacket, a scarf and hat and warm socks. Whilst in Argentina and the Brazil coastal area of Rio, it is recommended to bring lots of layers including the items mentioned above. We recommend packing a light fleece jacket for those colder afternoons in Buenos Aires. A small backpack that fits into your main hand luggage to carry your daily essentials should also be taken.

Luggage

All travellers are limited to two items of luggage each, a suitcase with a maximum weight of 20kg and one piece of hand luggage with a maximum weight of five kilograms. It is essential that your luggage is lockable. Please note that authorities will only allow bottles onto the aircraft if they have been checked in as main baggage. Bottles in hand luggage may be confiscated. Please note, luggage restrictions apply when travelling to Machu Picchu by rail, please refer to the information listed under **IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT MACHU PICCHU** in this document.

Exchanging Cash

The unit of currency in Peru is the Peruvian Nuevo Sol (PEN), in Argentina it is the Argentinian Peso (ARS) and in Brazil it is the Brazilian Real (BRL). AU Dollars cannot be exchanged however US Dollars can be easily exchanged provided notes are new and undamaged. We suggest exchanging your money before travelling to remote areas and smaller towns, as exchange facilities can be limited. Try and keep some small notes and coins on you, as on street stalls and in small shops they may not have the change to break up a high denomination note. If you decide to use US dollars, make sure they are in a good state (not ripped etc) or they will not be accepted. ATMs are common across Latin America and we recommend using an ATM inside a bank where possible. Please note, currently there are restrictions on how much cash you can withdraw from ATMs in Argentina. Most major credit cards are widely accepted across the continent; please bear in mind the charges of your provider. Debit cards are also widely accepted but may have a limit to the amount of cash you can withdraw, so consult your bank about this before travelling.

Personal Expenses & Optional Tours

Personal Expense - You will need to take some extra money to cover drinks, laundry and souvenirs, plus any additional sightseeing that may be offered to you. Based on the advice of previous customers an approximate amount of NZ\$250 per person, per week should be sufficient; however, for those that cannot resist a bargain or may wish to participate in all of the optional excursions, consider allocating a higher amount.

Optional Tours - Optional tours may be offered in each city you visit during your tour at an additional cost. These are not included in the standard itinerary and will only be available if time permits. Each option will be arranged locally by your National Escort/Local Guide.

Vaccinations and Your Health

We recommend that you contact either your Doctor or Health Center for advice on vaccinations and travel health. Holiday Health has a comprehensive website that you may also find useful www.holidayhealth.co.nz

Before You Leave

We strongly recommend registering your travel plans with www.safetravel.govt.nz as in the event of an emergency, New Zealand Consular assistance will be more readily available. You can also access the New Zealand Government's travel advisory service for up-to-date information about your destination on the same website.

After Your Booking

Once you have booked with Wendy Wu Tours, you will receive a confirmation invoice followed by deposit documentation, which includes a visa application form (if applicable). Your final documentation pack will be sent to you approximately 2-3 weeks prior to departure.

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